INDIAN SCHOOL SOHAR

SET I



PERIODIC TEST I (2024-25) MATHEMATICS

Conoral Instructions:	
DATE: 23/05/24	TIME: 40 MINUTES
CLASS: IX	MAX. MARKS: 20

General Instructions:

1. This Question paper contains - four sections A, B, C and D. Each section is compulsory. However, there are internal choices in some questions.

2. Section A has 4 MCQ's and 1 Assertion-Reason based questions of 1 mark each.

3. Section B has 2 Very Short Answer (VSA)-type questions of 2 mark each.

4. Section C has 2 Short Answer (SA)-type questions of 3 mark each.

5. Section D has 1 Long Answer (LA)-type questions of 5 marks.

		S	ECTION – A			
	(M	ultiple Choice Questi	ons) Each quest	ion carries 1 mark		
1.	Evaluate: $(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})^2$	+ (v2 – v5) ²				
	(a) 2√10–20	(b) – 20 – 2√10	(c) 14	(d) – 14		
2.	If -4 is the zero of the polynomial $p(x) = x^2 + 11x + k$, then value of k is					
	(a) 40	(b) -28	(c) 28	(d) 5		
3.	The value of $\sqrt[4]{625}$					
	(a) $\frac{1}{25}$	(b) $\frac{1}{50}$	(c)50	(d)25		
4.	If $3^{45} + 3^{45} + 3^{45} = 3^x$, then the value of x is					
	(a) 4	(b) 44	(c) 46	(d) 1		
5.	Assertion – Reason b	ased question				
	In the following question, a statement of assertion (A) is followed by a statement of reason (R).					
	Choose the correct answer out of the following choices.					
	(a) Both A and R are true and R is correct explanation of A					
	(b) Both A and R are true and R is not correct explanation of A					
	(c) A is true but R is false					
	(d) A is false but R is true					
	Assertion (A) : –7 is a constant polynomial					
	Reason(R): Degree of a constant polynomial is one.					
		S	ECTION – B			
	[This section co	mprises of very short	answer type qu	uestions (VSA) of 2 marks each]		
6.	Locate √17 on numb	er line.				
	OI	8				
	Express 0 .12333in $\frac{p}{q}$ form.					
7.	Check whether (2 x +	1) is a factor of the p	polynomial f(x) =	$= x^3 - 2x^2 + x - 1.$		

	SECTION – C					
	[This section comprises of short answer type questions (SA) of 3 marks each]					
8.	Find the value of a and b if					
	$a + b\sqrt{15} = \frac{\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3}}$					
	OR					
	Rationalize the denominator:					
	3					
	$\frac{3}{\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{5}}$					
9.	If y = 0 and y = 2 are zeroes of the polynomial $2y^3 - 5y^2 + cy + r$, then find the value of c and r.					
	SECTION – D					
[This section comprises of long answer type questions (LA) of 5 marks]						
10.	Factorize $x^3 + 2x^2 - 13x + 10$.					
	OR					
	Find the values of a and b, if x+1 and x+2 are factors of $x^3 + 3x^2 - 2ax + b$.					